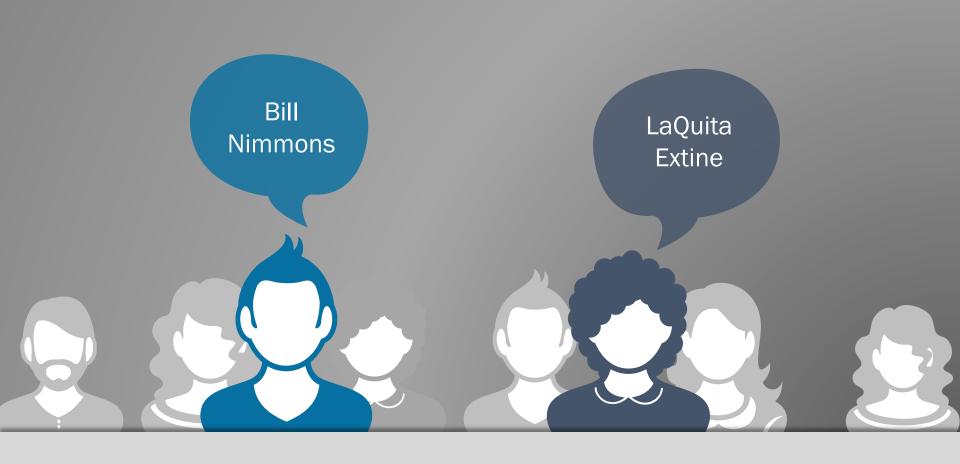


Capturing Texts To Meet Public Records Law

One District's Approach



Law 119.01 - General state policy on public records.

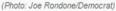
- (1) It is the policy of this state that all state, county, and municipal records are open for personal inspection and copying by any person. Providing access to public records is a duty of each agency.
- (2)(a) Automation of public records must not erode the right of access to those records. As each agency increases its use of and dependence on electronic recordkeeping, each agency must provide reasonable public access to records electronically maintained and must ensure that exempt or confidential records are not disclosed except as otherwise permitted by law.

The day the world changed for LCS

After lawsuit, city officials pledge to release text messages

Jeff Burlew, Democrat senior writer Published 5:43 p.m. ET Dec. 7, 2017 | Updated 6:22 p.m. ET Dec. 7, 2017

















A week after the Tallahassee Democrat sued the city of Tallahassee over its failure to collect and produce text messages of its employees and elected officials, city commissioners voted to proceed with a policy to do exactly that.

Commissioners voted unanimously Wednesday to

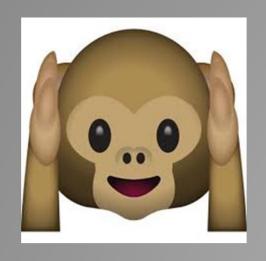
direct Treasurer-Clerk Jim Cooke to draft a text messaging policy that would retain text messages in the same fashion as emails, something the city had not been doing.

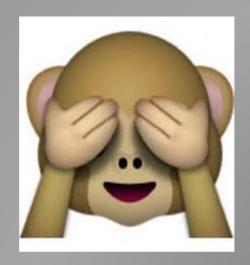
City Attorney Lew Shelley pledged the city would do better and work to become a state leader in complying with public records laws as they relate to text messages. Mayor Andrew Gillum even issued a rare apology.

"I do think it's necessary," Gillum said of the new policy. "And I want to apologize along with the city attorney to everyone that we hadn't frankly prior to this point been able to grapple with capturing the text messages, particularly on personal devices. That, however, is not an issue unique to the city of Tallahassee. This is an issue all over the state of Florida."

The Democrat filed the lawsuit in Leon Circuit Court after the city failed to produce texts from the cell phone of City Manager Rick Fernandez in which he solicited and accepted expensive Florida State University football tickets from a city-registered lobbyist. Fernandez, who deleted the messages, was placed on paid leave several days after the Democrat published the text exchange, which it obtained elsewhere.

Different school district approaches to texting







We don't text and don't you dare tell me we do

Prohibit texting but ignore the reality

Let's just say this conversation never really came up



Challenges

- Texting is widely used in society, and yes, is used widely by district employees:
 - By executive leadership
 - By department heads
 - By staff
 - By school-based staff
 - By teachers
- Each of these users can create an official record







Challenges - Devices

- On district phones
 - LCS has 130
- On personal cell phones
 - LCS has over 4,000 employees
- On and on and on....you name the devices!
 - Tablets
 - Computers







Approaching the Issue – District Phones

- District issued cell phones (130 approval process to receive one)
 - Using iPhones
 - Using MDM to control the phones
 - Turning off iMessage
 - Only allowing district standard apps (no ability for the user to add other apps)
 - Using SMARSH to capture texts at the carrier level
 - This will undoubtedly reduce the number of district issued phones
 - Will only be good for district business, no personal apps
 - SMARSH is not cheap
 - The only staff likely to keep the district phones are those who don't mind carrying two phones





Approaching the Issue – Personal Phones

- Using enterprise version of REMIND for all employees without a district phone
 - Cost is based on student count.
 - Very cost effective considering the alternatives like SMARSH
 - \$ amount per month, per device
- Enterprise version allows for central archive retrieval by select district staff
 - Typically the same people who do your email searches for public records request today
- We do NOT require that employees load the app on their personal phone

Approaching the Issue – Personal Phones

- We **DO** require, via policy, if they are going to text official business they are <u>required</u> to use REMIND.
 - Sign annual certification of this requirement
- Not a hard sale for teachers. Of our 2,200 teachers, 1,500 already use REMIND
 - Merging to an enterprise account for teachers is EASY







REMIND

Leon County Schools Usage







REMIND Structure

- Remind is structured for a school
 - Teachers
 - Classes
 - Students
 - Parents
- Remind allows for rostering (LCS uses OneRoster)
- LCS adapted their district structure to match a school
 - Classes = Departments
 - Teachers = Department Heads
 - Students = Employees of the Department





REMIND Structure

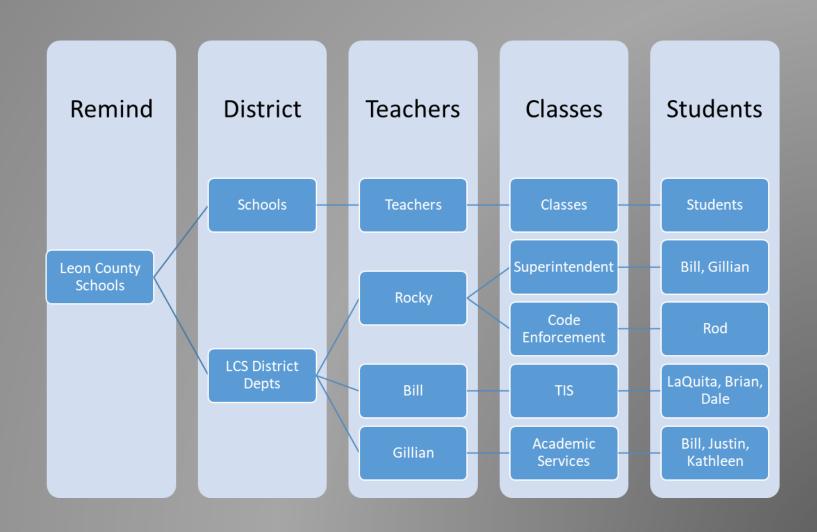
- All employees are teachers at the school
 - Allows for everyone to see the others in the school
- District admins were setup to handle the public records requests
 - LCS uses the same person currently responsible for this
- All principals will be school admins
 - Allows for them to see school wide statistics







LCS' Remind Structure

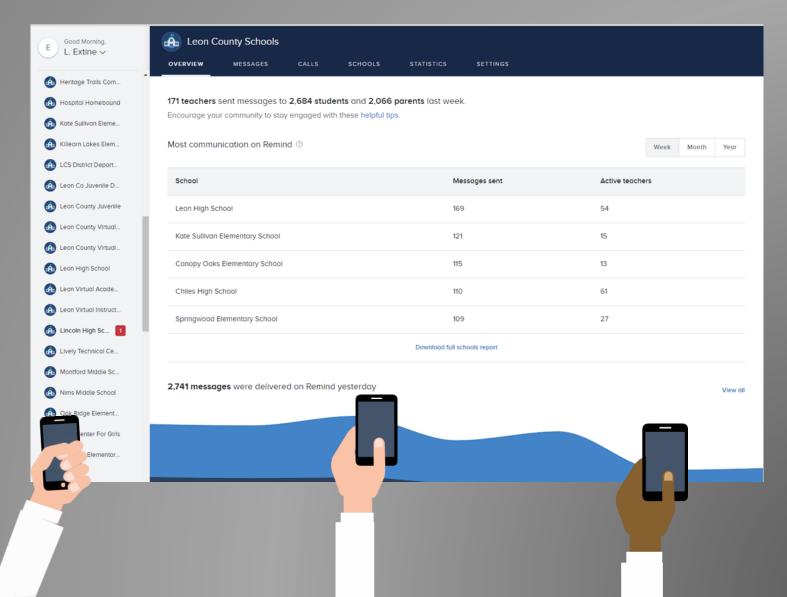


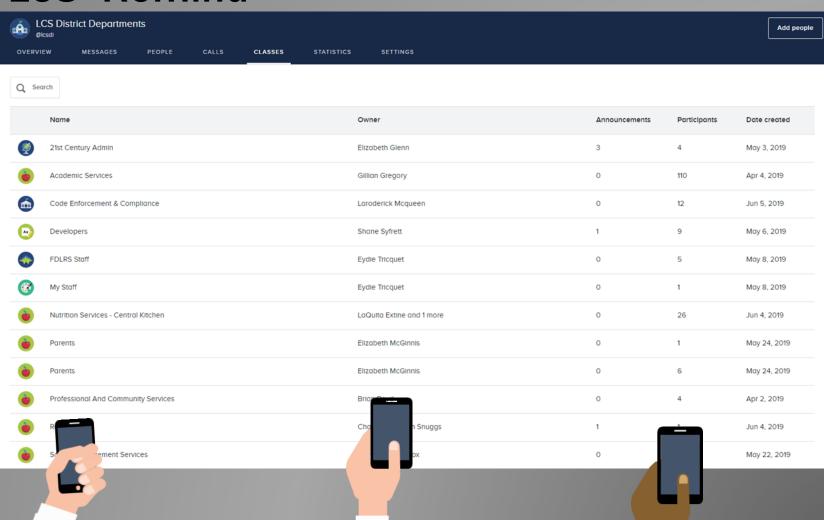
DEMO TIME!!

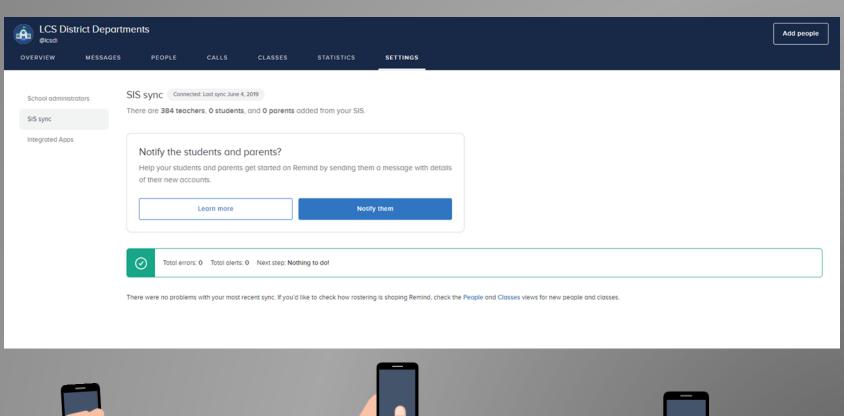
















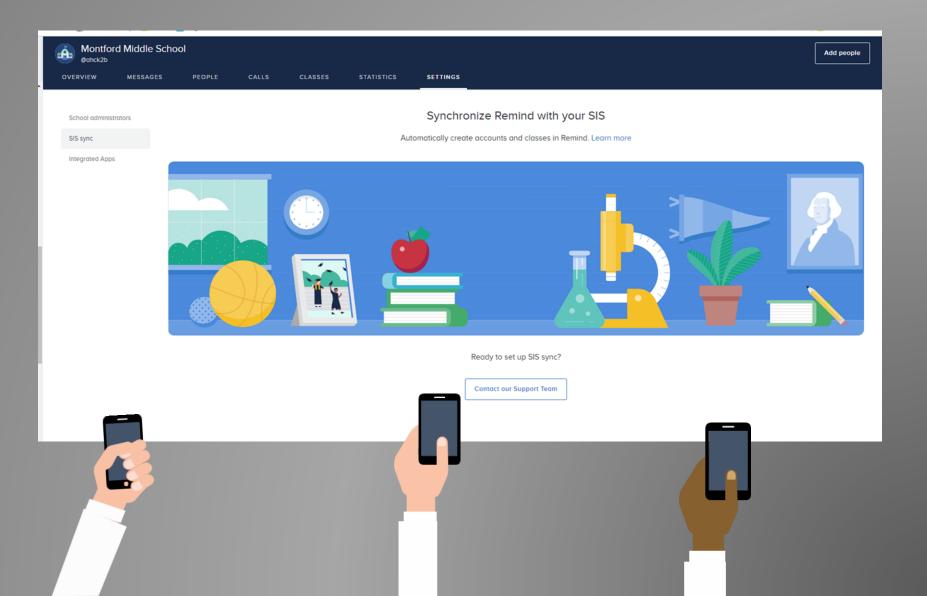


Name	SIS link ①	Last announcement sent	Classes ⑦
Aaron Johnson			1
Adeane Barfield	69		1









Training

- Currently training district staff on the use of Remind
- Principals will be trained at their technology day
- Teachers will be given a link to the Remind teacher training







Next Steps

- Finish rostering & training district staff
- Roster the school employees, teachers, and students
- Roster parents (2020-2021 school year)
 - Currently changing SIS to include 'OK To Text' option on phone numbers
 - Evaluating who should be included







Questions??







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